

한글 차트

HANGUL CHART

The Complete Korean Alphabet Reference

VOWELS 모음

ㅏ a "ah"	ㅑ eo "uh"	ㅓ o "oh"	ㅕ u "oo"	ㅗ eu "euh"
ㅣ i "ee"	ㅛ ae "eh"	ㅜ e "eh"	ㅠ ya "ya"	ㅟ yeo "yuh"

CONSONANTS 자음

ㄱ g/k gun	ㄴ n nose	ㄷ d/t door	ㄹ r/l rattle	ㅁ m mouth
ㅂ b/p bucket	ㅅ s sled	ㅇ (ng) zero/ng	ㅈ j jester	ㅊ ch chief
ㅋ k kick	ㅌ t top	ㅍ p pi	ㅎ h hat	

HOW BLOCKS WORK 조합

ㄱ + ㅏ = 가 ga	ㄴ + ㅑ = 나 na	ㅎ + ㅏ + ㄴ = 한 han
ㄱ + ㅕ + ㅑ = 국 guk	ㅅ + ㅑ = 사 sa	ㅁ + ㅑ = 마 ma

한국

han-guk
Korea

사랑

sa-rang
Love

김치

gim-chi
Kimchi

커피

keo-pi
Coffee

음악

eum-ak
Music

노래

no-rae
Song

친구

chin-gu
Friend

학교

hak-gyo
School

오빠

o-ppa
Older bro

엄마

eom-ma
Mom

아빠

a-ppa
Dad

감사

gam-sa
Thanks

방탄소년단

BTS
BTS

아이돌

a-i-dol
Idol

대한민국

dae-han-min-guk
S. Korea

치킨

chi-kin
Chicken

PRO TIPS

- Hangeul was invented by King Sejong in 1443 — designed to be easy for everyone.
- Letters stack into syllable blocks: read left-to-right, top-to-bottom.
- Vowels with two lines add "y" sound: ya, yeo, yo, yu.
- The circle letter is SILENT at start of syllable, sounds "ng" at the end.
- Double consonants are tenser/stronger versions of the base consonant.